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		TO DIVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATÉ	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	233-134	1901	
09/040,509	03/17/1998	RONALD A. KATZ	233-134	1701	
07/040,307			EXAMI	INER	
35554	7590 10/06/2003		WOO, ST	ELLA L	
REENA KU	JYPER, ESQ.				
BYARD NILSSON, ESQ.			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
9220 SUNSE	ET BOULEVARD		2643		
SUITE 315				HO	
LOS ANGE	LES, CA 90069		DATE MAILED: 10/06/2003		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

41		Application N	<b>D.</b>		Applicant(s)	
a		09/040,509			KATZ, RONALE	) A.
	Office Action Summary	Examiner			Art Unit	
		Stella L. Woo			2643	
	The MAILING DATE of this communication app	pears on the co	er sh	eet with the	correspondence	address
eriod for	Reply					
THE M - Extens after S - If the p - If NO   - Failure	PRIENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' IAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Sions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Deriod for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period be to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute the ply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing dipatent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, h ly within the statutory will apply and will exp	minimu ire SIX	may a reply be to m of thirty (30) da (6) MONTHS from	mely filed  ys will be considered ti n the mailing date of thi FN (35 U.S.C. § 133).	mely. is communication.
Status						
1)🛛	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 25		- fina			·
2a)□	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ TI	his action is no	ı-ıına	ll.	nroepoution as to	n the merits is
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under	vance except fo r <i>Ex parte Qua</i> y	r torm /le, 19	nai matters, 935 C.D. 11,	453 O.G. 213.	, aio monto to
	on of Claims	ion				
4)⊠	Claim(s) 29-42 is/are pending in the application of	awn from consi	derati	ion.		
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra	avii ii oiii ooiisi		· · · · ·		
•	Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
-	Claim(s) <u>29-42</u> is/are rejected.					
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.	for election req	ıirem	ent.		
	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	TOI GIGOLIOITICH	VIII			
	ion Papers The specification is objected to by the Examir	ner.				
40/□ (A	The specification is objected to by the Examination The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ acc	cepted or b) of	jecte	d to by the E	xaminer.	
10)	Applicant may not request that any objection to	the drawing(s) be	e held	in abeyance.	See 37 CFR 1.85	ō(a).
11)[7	The proposed drawing correction filed on	is: a)☐ app	rove	d b)∐ disap	proved by the Exa	aminer.
, ı,ı	If approved, corrected drawings are required in	reply to this Office	e acti	on.		
12)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the I					
	under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120					
13\□	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore	ign priority und	er 35	U.S.C. § 11	9(a)-(d) or (f).	
	) All b) Some * c) None of:					
a	1. Certified copies of the priority docume	ents have been	recei	ived.		
	2 Certified copies of the priority docume	ents have been	recei	ived in Appli	cation No	_ ·
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the p	riority documer Bureau (PCT F	its ha Rule 1	ve been rec 7.2(a)).	eived in this Nati	ional Stage
*	See the attached detailed Office action for a l	list of the certifi	ea co	ples not reci	eived.	
14)[	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for dome	estic priority un	der 3	5 U.S.C. § 1	19(e) (to a provis	sional application).
15)[	<ul> <li>a)           The translation of the foreign language          Acknowledgment is made of a claim for dome</li> </ul>	provisional app estic priority un	lication der 3	on has been 5 U.S.C. §§	received. 120 and/or 121.	
Attachme						•
1)   No	tice of References Cited (PTO-892) tice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) ormation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(	) (s)	4)   5)   6)	Interview Surr Notice of Infor Other:	mary (PTO-413) Pa mal Patent Applicati	per No(s) on (PTO-152)
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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on June 25, 2003 has been entered.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 29-32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the publication entitled "The AT&T Multi-Mode Voice Systems Full Spectrum Solutions for Speech Processing Applications" (hereinafter "Hester") in view of Szlam et al. (USPN 4,797,911, hereinafter "Szlam"), and further in view of Foster et al. (USPN 4,897,867, hereinafter "Foster").

Hester discloses a process including the steps of:
receiving said call data signals (DNIS; page 3, second paragraph);
providing verbal prompts (via voice response unit; Fig. 1);

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receiving data (via Touch-Tone input or recognized voice input; page 1, second paragraph; page 2, last paragraph; page 6, Application Example);

providing a data base computer (host computer with customer database; page 3, third paragraph) including verification means (note credit card verification, sales order entry, etc.; page 1, first paragraph). Hester clearly provides for various applications in which data received from callers would have to be stored in an identifiable relationship to the callers, namely, reservations and sales order entry (page 1, first paragraph).

Hester differs from claims 29-35 in that it does not explicitly provide for updating callers' files and receiving caller identification signals entered by the caller. However, Szlam, from the same field of endeavor, teaches the desirability of storing an historical record for each calling customer (customer account information is stored in mainframe 16), updating the customer's files for subsequent processing (col. 11, lines 10-28; col. 12, lines 29-66; col. 13, lines 22-42), and receiving a caller's telephone number via ANI or DTMF key input (voice message played depends on whether the identified customer has an established account and customer input; col. 12, line 9 - col. 13, line 54) such that it would have been obvious to an artisan of ordinary skill to incorporate such updating of files and caller identification, as taught by Szlam, within the method of Hester in order to identify the customer, maintain current customer information, keep a record of each call and allow customers to change a previous order.

The combination of Hester and Szlam differs from claims 29-35 in that it does not specify that the certain data entered by the caller properly comprises a precise number of digits that always total a specific particular numerical value. However, Foster teaches

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the desirability of verifying customer entered information by checking the expected digit count and using checksum digit information (col. 7, lines 36-65) in order to verify a calling customer as well as to detect dialing errors such that it would have been obvious to an artisan of ordinary skill to incorporate such a well known verification feature, as taught by Foster, within the combination of Hester and Szlam as part of the customer verification process.

Regarding claim 32, note attendant line interface (Fig. 1).

4. Claims 33-35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hester in view of Szlam, and further in view of Riskin (USPN 4,757,267) and Foster.

Hester discloses a process including the steps of:

receiving said call data signals (DNIS; page 3, second paragraph);

providing verbal prompts (via voice response unit; Fig. 1);

receiving data (via Touch-Tone input or recognized voice input; page 1, second paragraph; page 2, last paragraph; page 6, Application Example);

providing a data base computer (host computer with customer database; page 3, third paragraph) including verification means (note credit card verification, sales order entry, etc.; page 1, first paragraph). Hester clearly provides for various applications in which data received from callers would have to be stored in an identifiable relationship to the callers, namely, reservations and sales order entry (page 1, first paragraph).

Hester differs from claims 33-35 in that it does not explicitly provide for updating callers' files. However, Szlam, from the same field of endeavor, teaches the desirability of storing an historical record for each calling customer (customer account information is

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stored in mainframe 16) and updating the customer's files for subsequent processing (col. 11, lines 10-28; col. 12, lines 29-66; col. 13, lines 22-42) such that it would have been obvious to an artisan of ordinary skill to incorporate such updating of files, as taught by Szlam, within the method of Hester in order to maintain current customer information, keep a record of each call and allow customers to change a previous order.

The combination of Hester and Szlam further differs from claims 33-35 in that it does not specify generating sequence data relating to transactions. However, Riskin teaches the desirability of generating sequence numbers to identify each call (note sequential control number; col. 17, line 35 - col. 18, line 13) such that it would have been obvious to an artisan of ordinary skill to incorporate the use of such a sequential control number, as taught by Riskin, within the combination of Hester and Szlam in order to maintain a record of each call.

The combination of Hester, Szlam, and Riskin differs from claims 33-35 in that it does not specify that the certain data entered by the caller comprises a precise number of digits that always total a particular numerical value. However, Foster teaches the desirability of verifying customer entered information by checking the expected digit count and using checksum digit information (col. 7, lines 36-65) in order to verify a calling customer as well as to detect dialing errors such that it would have been obvious to an artisan of ordinary skill to incorporate such a well known verification feature, as taught by Foster, within the combination of Hester and Szlam as part of the customer verification process.

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5. Claims 36-42 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the combination of Hester and Szlam, and further in view of Barger, Jr. et al. (USPN 4,071,698, hereinafter "Barger") and Foster.

Hester discloses a process including the steps of:
receiving said call data signals (DNIS; page 3, second paragraph);
providing verbal prompts (via voice response unit; Fig. 1);

receiving data (via Touch-Tone input or recognized voice input; page 1, second paragraph; page 2, last paragraph; page 6, Application Example);

providing a data base computer (host computer with customer database; page 3, third paragraph) including verification means (note credit card verification, sales order entry, etc.; page 1, first paragraph). Hester clearly provides for various applications in which data received from callers would have to be stored in an identifiable relationship to the callers, namely, reservations and sales order entry (page 1, first paragraph).

Hester differs from claims 36-42 in that it does not explicitly provide for updating callers' files. However, Szlam, from the same field of endeavor, teaches the desirability of storing an historical record for each calling customer (customer account information is stored in mainframe 16) and updating the customer's files for subsequent processing (col. 11, lines 10-28; col. 12, lines 29-66; col. 13, lines 22-42) such that it would have been obvious to an artisan of ordinary skill to incorporate such updating of files, as taught by Szlam, within the method of Hester in order to maintain current customer information, keep a record of each call and allow customers to change a previous order.

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The combination of Hester and Szlam differs from claims 36-42 in that it does not specify defining a limit on use. However, Barger teaches the desirability of defining a limit on the number of uses by identified callers in an interactive voice-telephony system (col. 11, lines 34-47) such that it would have been obvious to an artisan of ordinary skill to incorporate the limited use feature, as taught by Barger, within the combination of Hester and Szlam in order to prevent overuse by a single caller.

The combination of Hester, Szlam and Barger differs from claims 36-42 in that it does not specify that the certain data entered by the caller comprises a precise number of digits that always total a particular numerical value. However, Foster teaches the desirability of verifying customer entered information by checking the expected digit count and using checksum digit information (col. 7, lines 36-65) in order to verify a calling customer as well as to detect dialing errors such that it would have been obvious to an artisan of ordinary skill to incorporate such a well known verification feature, as taught by Foster, within the combination of Hester and Szlam as part of the customer verification process.

Regarding claims 36, 40-42, Szlam provides for identifying customers using ANI information (via ANI decoder 10a28).

#### Response to Arguments

6. Applicant's arguments filed June 25, 2003 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant argues that Foster does not teach that "a group of callers are identified by entered data having a specific particular numerical value." However, the claims do not recite identifying a group of callers. For instance, claim 29 recites that

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"for one group of callers, certain data proper comprises a precise number of digits..." In Foster, the one group of callers may simply be the callers who choose to enter data, which is then verified as to digit count and checksum digit information.

Regarding the amendment to claims 36, 40-42 which recite "testing said calling number identification by verification and to specify a stored basis for entitlement defining a limit on use," Barger teaches verifying that a caller is entitled to hear a demonstration based on how many requests the caller has previously made (col. 11, lines 34-47). The system determines how many previous requests have been made by the particular caller based on stored information (history of the particular caller; col. 11, lines 39-41; col. 6, lines 21-26). Although Barger identifies a customer by an account number, Szlam teaches the desirability of identifying customer using ANI information (via ANI decoder 10a28).

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Stella L. Woo whose telephone number is (703) 305-4395. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Tuesday, Thursday-Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Curtis Kuntz can be reached on (703) 305-4708. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 306-0377.

STELLA WUU PRIMARY EXAMINER